

TRANSMITTING DEAM FOWER AMPLIFIER			
GENERAL DATA			
Electrical:			
Filament, Thoriated Tungsten: Voltage 5.0 . a-c or d-c volts Current . 7.5 . amp. Transconductance for plate current of 75 ma 2800 . µmhos Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: Grid to Plate . 0.06 . µµf Input			
Physical:			
Overall Length. 5-15/16" ± 1/4" Seated Length 5-5/16" ± 1/4" Maximum Diameter. 2-11/16" Mounting Position Vertical Only: Base up or down Bulb. 5-5/16" ± 1/4" Mounting Position Season Vertical Only: Base up or down Bulb. 7-21 Base. 6-2 Medium Metal Shell Giant 7-Pin, Bayonet Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7-7-18 Pin 1 - Filament Pin 2 - Grid No.3 Pin 3 - Grid No.2 Pin 4 - Grid No.1 Pin 5 - Grid No.3 Pin 6 - Grid No.3 Pin 6 - Grid No.2 Pi			
A-F POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR - Class A1			
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:			
D-C PLATE VOLTAGE 2000 max. volts D-C SCREEN VOLTAGE (Grid No.2) 750 max. volts D-C PLATE CURRENT 150 max. ma. D-C SCREEN CURRENT 40 max. ma. PLATE INPUT 75 max. watts SCREEN INPUT. 30 max. watts PLATE DISSIPATION 75 max. watts			
Typical Operation:			
D-C Plate Voltage			
, F. See next page. V: See end of tabulation indicates a change.			





г	(continued from preceding page)			
1	SUPPRESSOR-MODULATED R-F POWER AMPLIFIER - Class C Telephony			
١.	Carrier conditions per tube for use with a max. modulation factor of 1.0			
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:				
	D—C PLATE VOLTAGE			
·ľ	Typical Operation:			
	D-C Plate Voltage			
	D-C Grid Voltage			
	* For a-c filament supply. # Obtained from fixed supply or by cathode resistor. The d-c resistance in the grid circuit should not exceed 50000 ohms with fixed bias, or 500000 ohms with cathode bias. ***Obtained preferably from plate-voltage supply through series resistor of value shown. O At crest of a-f cycle with modulation factor of 1.0.			
۱	PLATE-MODULATED R-F POWER AMPLIFIER - Class C Telephony			
	Carrier conditions per tube for use with a max. modulation factor of 1.0			
	Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:			
	D—C PLATE VOLTAGE			
L	✓— Indicates a change, DATA 1			



K.

	·		
(continued from preceding page)			
Typical Operation:			
D-C Plate Voltage 1500	2500 volts		
D-C Suppressor Voltage(Grid No.3) 60	60 volts		
D-C Screen Voltage ## 5 600	600 volts		
182000	240000 ohms		
r -200	-200 volts		
D-C Grid Voltage***	330000 ohms		
bec dira voltage 110000	250000 ohms		
310	450 ohms		
Peak R-F Grid Voltage 255	220 volts		
D-C Plate Current 135	100 ma.		
D-C Screen Current 11	8 ma.		
D-C Grid Current 1.4	0.6 <u>approx. ma.</u>		
Driving Power, 0.4	0.1 approx. watt		
Power Output 145	200 approx. watts		
## Obtained preferably from modulated fixed su from modulated plate-voltage supply through	pply. May also be obtained series resistor of values		
shown. ***Obtained from fixed supply, grid resistor (ation of cathode resistor (310,450) and grid	145000,330000), or combin- resistor (110000,250000).		
R-F POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR -			
Key-down conditions per tube without	et modulation≜		
ney-abun conditions per tube withou	ii would then		
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:			
D-C PLATE VOLTAGE	4000 max volts		
D-C SCREEN VOLTAGE (Grid No.2)	750 max volts		
D-C GRID VOLTAGE (Grid No.1)	-500 max volts		
D-C PLATE CURRENT	150 max ma.		
D-C SCREEN CURRENT	30 max ma.		
D-C GRID CURRENT	25 max ma.		
PLATE INPUT	300 max watts		
SCREEN INPUT	25 max watts		
PLATE DISSIPATION	75 max watts		
Typical Operation:			
D-C Plate Voltage 2000	3000 volts		
D-C Suppressor Voltage (Grid No. 310 0	60 volts		
r 750	750 volts		
D-C Screen Voltage∆ {70000	280000 ohms		
-200	-200 volts		
D-C Grid Voltage ^o 300000	ohms		
1200	1800 ohms		
Peak R-F Grid Voltage 225	170 volts		
D-C Plate Current 150	100 ma.		
D-C Screen Current 18	8 ma.		
D-C Grid Current 0.7	O <u>approx. ma.</u>		
Driving Power 0.2	O approx. watt		
Power Output 230	235 approx. watts		
$\Diamond;$ $\triangleq;$ $\Delta;$ \Box : See next page. — Indicates a change.			

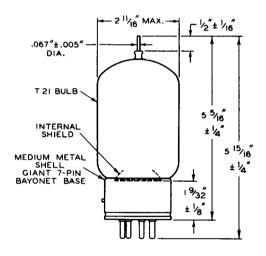


TRANSMITTING BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

(continued from preceding page)

- Suppressor should be connected to the mid-point of filament circuit operated on a.c., or to the negative end of the filament operated on d.c.
- Addulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the audio-frequency envelope does not exceed 115% of the carrier conditions.
- ∆ Obtained from a separate source, or from the plate-voltage supply with a voltage divider, or through a series resistor of the value Shown. Series screen resistor should be used only where 4£27 is employed as buffer amplifier and is not keyed. The screen voltage must not exceed 1500 volts under key-up conditions.
- D Obtained from fixed supply, grid resistor (300000), or cathode resistor (1200, 1800). When a preceding stage is keyed, sufficient fixed bias must be used to maintain the plate current at a low value when the key is up.

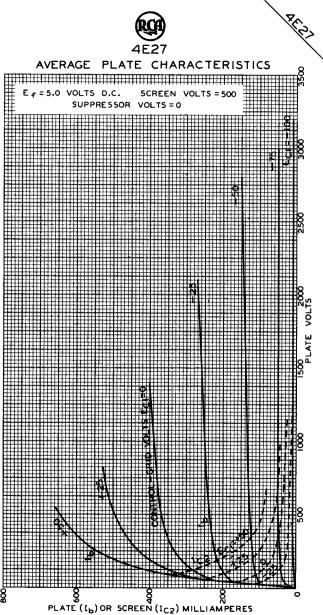
Data on operating frequencies for the 4E27/8001 are given on the sheet TRANS. TUBE RATINGS vs FREQUENCY.



92CM-6260R1

AE27





RCA VICTOR DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

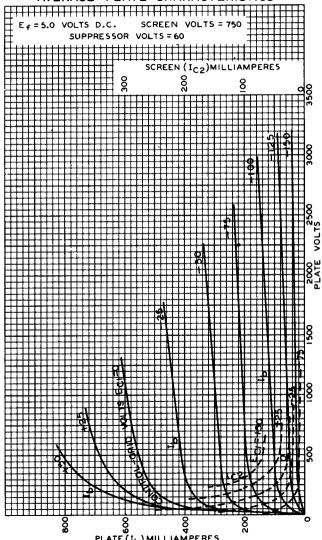
92CM-6261RI

MAR. 26, 1945

A£22)



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



JAN. 22, 1945

PLATE (Ib) MILLIAM PERES
RCA VICTOR DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JESSEY

92CM - 6259RI



PER

